

Getting used to your POWERbreathe

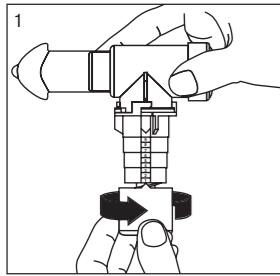


Diagram 1: Adjusting the POWERbreathe Medic
Remove the POWERbreathe unit, handle cover and nose-clip from the packaging. Holding the POWERbreathe unit upright, practice adjusting the training load: rotate the load adjustment knob clockwise to increase the training load; rotate the load adjustment knob anticlockwise to reduce the training load. Notice that a numbered scale is visible on the side of the Medic device, giving you guidance when selecting a training load.

Note: do not over tighten the adjustment knob beyond load 9 as this may cause damage to the mechanism.

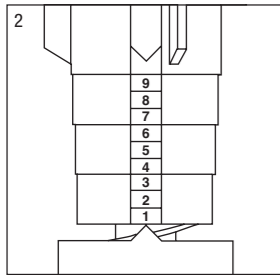


Diagram 2: Load 1

Now set the Medic device to load 1. At this load, the tip of the arrow on the load adjustment knob should be aligned with the lower edge of the scale, as shown in the diagram.

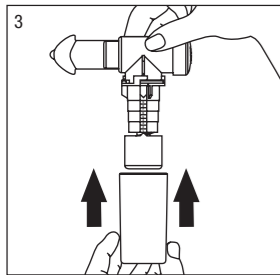


Diagram 3: Replacing the handle cover

Push the handle cover onto the Medic device, covering the scale and load adjustment knob.

Note: always ensure the handle cover is in position before breathing through the Medic device, as this allows the mechanism to function correctly.

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Training diary record

Table 1: Example training diary – in this example, load 5 was the maximum that could be sustained for 30 breaths during week 1 of training

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
1	1	30	2	30	3	30	4	30	5	30	5	30	5	30
Morning														
Evening														

Table 2: Record the training load on your Medic device and the number of breaths of your training sessions below -

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
1														
Morning														
Evening														

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
2														
Morning														
Evening														

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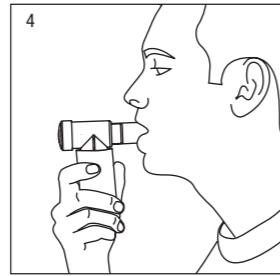


Diagram 4: Placing the Medic device in your mouth

Make sure you are sitting or standing upright and feel relaxed. Holding the Medic device by the handle cover, place the mouthpiece in your mouth so that your lips cover the outer shield to make a seal.

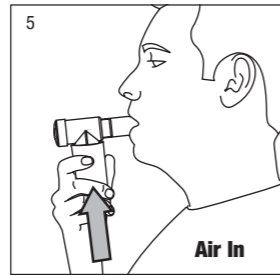


Diagram 5: Inhaling through the Medic device

Breathe out as far as you can then take a fast, forceful breath in through the mouth. Take in as much air as you can, as quickly as you can, straightening your back and expanding your chest.

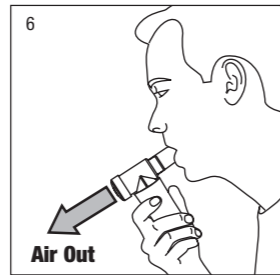


Diagram 6: Exhaling through the Medic device

Now breathe out slowly and passively through your mouth until your lungs are empty, letting the muscles in your chest and shoulders relax. Pause until you feel the urge to breathe again. Repeat this exercise until you feel confident about breathing through the Medic device.

Note: do not pant – if you start to feel light-headed, slow down and pause at the end of your breath out.

Using the nose-clip

Now put the nose-clip on so that it pushes your nostrils together. Continue to practice taking a forceful breath in then breathing out slowly and fully.

Note: the nose-clip will help you to breathe through your mouth rather than your nose. However, it is not essential and some people find it more comfortable to train without the nose-clip.

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Training diary record

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
3														
Morning														
Evening														

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
4														
Morning														
Evening														

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
5														
Morning														
Evening														

Week	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7	
	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration	Load	Duration
6														
Morning														
Evening														

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Training with POWERbreathe

Guidance for patients

Please follow the instructions below unless instructed to do otherwise by your doctor. Before commencing the exercises, please ensure that you have read the precautions section on page 4-5 of this manual.

Finding your correct training load:

The recommended POWERbreathe training routine is 30 breaths twice a day.* In order to get the most from the training, these exercises should be completed at a load that is as hard as possible, without causing discomfort.

For the first day of training, set your Medic device to load 1 (see Diagram 1 - "Getting used to POWERbreathe").

Some individuals may find the exercises very challenging at this load. If you find you are unable to complete 30 breaths at this load, take a short rest then start again until you have accumulated a total of 30 breaths.

If you found it difficult to complete 30 breaths at load 1, continue to train at this load twice a day for the first week.

If you found you could easily complete 30 breaths at load 1, the next day you should set your Medic device to load 2. Complete the exercises again. By this method, continue to increase the training load by 1 setting each day, until you are only just able to complete 30 breaths of training. Once you have reached this point, continue to train at this load twice a day for one week.

After one week of training with the Medic device at the same load, increase the training load by half a turn. Continue to train at this load for a further week. From this point onwards you should aim to increase the load by half a turn each week.

Table 1 (Page 10) is an example of a typical training diary record for a patient starting to use the Medic device. **Table 2** is blank, and is provided so that you may keep a record of your training progress.

** The 30 breath twice daily training regimen is a high intensity training regimen that has been found to be very effective in people who train to improve their general fitness (Romer & McConnell, 2003). Though more intense, this regimen has the great advantage of being much shorter than the more traditional "Low intensity training" regimens that have been used in clinical studies. Recent evidence suggests that the benefits of low and high intensity training are similar (Gosselink et al, 2010), so we recommend the regimen that is least time consuming. However, if you are experiencing difficulties with the high intensity training, please refer to the section on "Low intensity training" on the following page.*

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Guidance for healthcare professionals

Contraindications: Please read the precautions section on page 4-5 of this manual in order to assess a patient's suitability for inspiratory muscle training.

Patients should be instructed in the proper use of the POWERbreathe Medic before commencing training. Please familiarise yourself with the operation of the device prior to assisting a patient in its correct use referring to the sections on "Getting Used to POWERbreathe" and "Training with POWERbreathe - Guidance for Patients". Guidance on training with the Medic device is based upon that published in the European Respiratory Society's 'Breathe' journal (McConnell et al, Inspiratory muscle training in obstructive lung disease; how to implement and what to expect. September. vol 2(1), pp39-49, 2005). Visit our website to download the full article.

Note: Some patients may be unable or unwilling to use a mouthpiece. In this instance, the mouthpiece may be replaced with a facemask in order to provide a seal to the mouth.

Setting the training load:

Research indicates that inspiratory muscle training (IMT) loads must exceed 30% of the patient's maximal inspiratory muscle strength in order to be effective. There is also evidence that heavier loads yield greater improvements in inspiratory muscle strength.

If you have access to a means of measuring inspiratory muscle strength i.e the POWERbreathe KH2, you may set the initial training load to 30-40% of MIP using the conversion table on pg16. The training load should then be increased by half a turn each day for the next 7-10 days up to 60% of baseline MIP. The patient should train at this load for 1 week. Thereafter, the training load should be increased weekly to maintain the training load at approximately 60% of the patient's new inspiratory muscle strength.

Note: at 60% MIP training will be strenuous and it may take some time before the patient is able to complete 30 breaths without taking a break.

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Training with POWERbreathe

Achieving good training technique:

When you inhale through your Medic device, you should breathe in as deeply and as quickly as possible. When you exhale, breathe out slowly and gently until your lungs are completely empty. Try to squeeze out as much air as possible towards the end of the breath to ensure your lungs are completely empty. Pause until you feel the urge to breathe again before inhaling again (Approx 3-4 secs).

You will notice that it becomes harder to completely fill your lungs as you continue to breathe during a training session. This is because your breathing muscles are becoming tired. If you can no longer take a satisfying breath, take a short break before continuing your training. If you find you are unable to complete a breath early in your training session, the training load may be set too high. In this case, simply decrease the training load by half a turn, then continue your training session. **Note:** Training should feel challenging. At the end of the 30 breaths training, you should aim to feel as if you cannot continue further.

If you feel out of breath, light-headed or you need to cough, take a short break. As soon as you have recovered, continue the training session until you have completed a total of 30 breaths. If you miss a training session,

simply complete the session as soon as possible. If you miss it by more than 12 hours, ignore the missed session and carry on with your next training session as normal.

Maintaining your breathing:

After 4-6 weeks your breathing muscles should have improved substantially and you should feel less breathless during activity. At this stage you will not need to use your Medic device every day to maintain your improved breathing. Training with your Medic device just 3 times a week will be sufficient to continue to enjoy a better lifestyle.

"Low intensity training" – If you are experiencing difficulties with the training, you may wish to progress to a less intense, longer training regimen that has proven very effective for people who suffer from respiratory conditions. If so, you could consider trying the 15 minutes continuous breathing on a low setting (consult your medical practitioner if in doubt).

Guidance for healthcare professionals

Coaching good training technique:

The first few days are the most challenging for the patient who will require careful and sensitive coaching, including the allowance of short breaks. They should be encouraged to tolerate the breathless sensation induced by training, and to increase the training load progressively. Typically, increases in load of 5-10% per week can be achieved.

It is advisable to encourage patients to train across the full extent of their vital capacity in order to train the full range of motion of the inspiratory muscles. As the patient's inspiratory muscles fatigue, they may find it hard to achieve higher lung volumes towards the end of inspiration. At these higher lung volumes the inspiratory muscles are weakest and will be most prone to the effects of fatigue. Patients should be warned to expect this and should be discouraged from training beyond the point where they are able to achieve a 'satisfying breath'.

Patients should also be encouraged to inhale against the load as rapidly as possible in order to maximally recruit their inspiratory muscles. Patients should breathe with a combination of diaphragmatic and chest wall movement in order to utilise all of their inspiratory muscles during training. Patients may require breaks during a training session in order to cough, or because they feel too breathless.

It is important that the duration of these is minimised in order to maintain the training stimulus, but this too must be handled sensitively, and supported by an explanation of why it is important to minimise the duration of these enforced 'rest' periods.

Maintenance training:

After 4-6 weeks of training, the patient's inspiratory muscles should have improved substantially and they should feel less breathless during exercise. At this stage it is not necessary to train with the Medic device every day in order to maintain improved breathing. Training with the Medic device three times a week will be sufficient to maintain the training effects.

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